

# Pre-Calc Review

## Exponents + Polynomial Operations

$$1. \frac{3}{4} r^{-2} s^5 \cdot (-4r^3 s)^2$$

$$2. (5k^3 - k^2 + 7) + (-4k + k^2 + 2)$$

$$3. (3x+1)^2 (-x+4)^2$$

$$4. \frac{(-4m)^5}{10m^{-5}}$$

# Factoring Polynomials

1. GCF :  $51a^8b^4 + 17a^3b^5$

2. Difference of  $\square$ 's :  $16x^4 - 1$

3. Sum of  $\square$ 's :  $8f^3 + 27$

4. Difference of  $\square$ 's :  $p^3 - 216q^3$

5. Trinomials:  $16w^4 + 40w^2 + 25$

6. Factoring by grouping:  $4c^3 + 20c^2 + 9c + 45$

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# Rational Expressions

1. Simplifying:  $\frac{12n^2 - 48n}{288n^2 - 18n^4}$

2.  $x \div$  :  $\frac{k^4 - 16}{2k^2 - k - 6} \div \frac{4k^3 + 16k}{\cancel{12k^2 + 18k}}$   
 $12k^2 + 18k$

3.  $x \div$  :  $\frac{5p^2 + 29p - 6}{5p^2 - 26p + 5} \cdot \frac{3p^2 - 15p}{36 - p^2}$

4.  $+ \div -$  :  $\frac{r+5}{r^2-25} + \frac{6}{r-5}$

5.  $+ \div -$  :  $\frac{3}{x+6} - \frac{2}{x-1}$

# Radical and Rational Exponents

List : Perfect Squares: 1, 4, 9,  
Perfect Cubes: 1, 8, 27,  
Perfect Fourths: 1, 16, 81,

Simplify  
Radicals : ①  $\sqrt{252}$

②  $-5 \cdot \sqrt[3]{128}$

③  $\sqrt{121x^5y^6}$

Adding /  
Subtracting :  
Radicals

④  $2\sqrt{24} - 8\sqrt{12} + 7\sqrt{54}$

⑤  $4\sqrt{72x^5} - 3x\sqrt{242x^3}$

multiplying  
Radicals : (6)  $5 \cdot \sqrt[3]{36} \cdot \sqrt[3]{-12}$

(7)  $(5 - \sqrt{2})(7\sqrt{2} + 1)$

Dividing Radicals  
+ Rationalizing  
Denominators :

(8)  $\frac{6\sqrt{480}}{2\sqrt{6}}$

(9)  $\frac{6\sqrt{8}}{4\sqrt{3}}$

(10)  $\frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5} + 4}$

Rational  
Exponents :

Simplest Radical form

(11)  $g^{3/4} \cdot g^{5/2}$

(12)  $(w^{2/5})^{10/3}$

Write in Exponential form

(13)  $\sqrt{(4y)^3}$

# Complex Numbers

imaginary ~~number~~<sup>unit</sup> :  $i$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$

imaginary number :  $bi$ , where  $b$  is real part &  $i$  is the imaginary part.

Simplify:

①  $\sqrt{-144}$

②  $\sqrt{-80}$

Powers of  $i$ :

$$\begin{array}{l} i^1 = \sqrt{-1} = i \\ i^2 = (\sqrt{-1})^2 = -1 \\ i^3 = i^2 \cdot i = -1 \cdot i = -i \\ i^4 = (i^2)^2 = (-1)^2 = 1 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} i^1 \\ i^2 \\ i^3 \\ i^4 \end{array}} \right\} \text{cycle}$$

Evaluate: ③  $i''$

④  $(-\sqrt{-9})^3 \cdot (2i)^6$

complex number :  $a + bi$ , where  $a$  is the real number and  $bi$  is the imaginary #.

Simplify: ⑤  $(-3 + 5i) - (4 + 6i)$  ⑥  $(5 + 3i)(5 - 3i)$